OHIO **FARM REPORT**

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FEATURING: Hog Inventory Egg Production

Milk Production

Livestock Slaughter Cold storage

OHIO HOG INVENTORY UP 2 PERCENT U.S. HOG INVENTORY UP SLIGHTLY

Ohio hog producers had 1,540,000 hogs on hand September 1, 2005, up 2 percent from last year but 3 percent below last quarter. The number of market hogs, at 1,380 head, was up 2 percent from last year but down 3 percent from last quarter. Breeding stock, at 160,000 head, remained constant from last year and last quarter. The pig crop during the June-August 2005 quarter numbered 701,000 head, up 5 percent from last year and up 1 percent from last quarter. The number of sows farrowed during the June-August 2005 quarter at 77,000 was up 3 percent from last year, but unchanged from last quarter. Pigs saved per litter averaged 9.1, up 2 percent from the same period last year and up 1 percent from last quarter. Ohio producers intend to farrow 80,000 sows during the September-November 2005 quarter, up 4 percent from last year. Farrowing intentions for the winter quarter, December 2005-February 2006, is 78,000 sows, up 1 percent from the same quarter of 2005.

U.S. inventory of all hogs and pigs on September 1, 2005 was 61.5 million head. This was up slightly from September 1, 2004, and up 1 percent from June 1, 2005. Breeding inventory, at 5.97 million head, was up less than 1 percent from last year but down

less than 1 percent from last quarter. Market hog inventory, at 55.6 million head, was virtually unchanged from last year but up 2 percent from last quarter. The June - August 2005 U.S. pig crop, at 26.3 million head, was up slightly from 2004 and up 1 percent from 2003. Sows farrowing during this period totaled 2.90 million head, down slightly from last year. The sows farrowed during this quarter represented 49 percent of the breeding herd. The average pigs saved per litter was 9.07 for the June-August 2005 period, compared to 9.01 last year. Pigs saved per litter by size of operation ranged from 7.60 for operations with 1-99 hogs and pigs to 9.10 for operations with more than 5,000 hogs and pigs. U.S. hog producers intend to have 2.89 million sows farrow during the September-November 2005 quarter, unchanged from the actual farrowings during the same period in 2004, but up 1 percent from 2003. Intended farrowings for December 2005-February 2006, at 2.88 million sows, are up 1 percent from both 2005 and 2004. The total number of hogs under contract, owned by operations with over 5,000 head, but raised by contractees, accounted for 39 percent of the total U.S. hog inventory, unchanged from last year.

HOG AND PIG INVENTORY-SEPTEMBER 1 2004 AND 2005

Calastad				£ 1, 2004 AND 2003	A 11 1			
Selected	Hogs and pig	s for breeding	Hogs and pigs	s for market	All hogs and pigs			
States	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005		
	Thousand Head							
Illinois	410	420	3,590	3,630	4,000	4,050		
Indiana	300	300	2,950	2,750	3,250	3,050		
Iowa	1,060	1,080	15,340	15,420	16,400	16,500		
North Carolina	1,030	1,020	9,270	9,080	10,300	10,100		
Ohio	160	160	1,350	1,380	1,510	1,540		
UNITED STATES	5,962	5,972	55,556	55,563	61,519	61,536		

MARKET HOGS Under 60 lbs 60-119 lbs. 120-179 lbs. Selected 180 and over States 2004 2005 2004 2004 2005 2004 2005 Thousand Head 800 Illinois 1,380 1,380 840 890 770 600 560 Indiana 1,080 1,000 710 720 600 550 560 480 4,740 4,760 4,200 4,320 3,350 3,450 3,050 2,890 Iowa North Carolina 3,670 3,650 2,350 2,130 1,850 1,780 1,400 1,520 570 570 330 330 270 285 180 195 Ohio 9,830 **UNITED STATES** 20,729 20,634 13,613 13,716 11,235 11,384 9,981

		Mar	ch-May			June	-August			
Selected	Sows fa	arrowing	Pig	Pig crop ^{1/}		arrowing	Pig crop 1/			
States	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005		
	Thousand Head									
Illinois	215	210	1,914	1,880	210	205	1,869	1,825		
Indiana	135	135	1,202	1,195	140	140	1,260	1,246		
Iowa	430	440	3,763	3,982	440	450	3,916	4,050		
North Carolina	550	550	5,005	4,895	560	560	5,124	5,096		
Ohio	73	77	650	693	75	77	668	701		
UNITED STATES	2,870	2,870	25,633	25,884	2,905	2,898	26,162	26,273		

Number of pigs born include number on hand and those already sold.

FARROWING INTENTIONS - SELECTED STATES

Selected		September-Novemb	per	December-February 1/			
States	2004 2/	2005 3/	05/04	2005 2/	2006 3/	06/05	
	Thousand Head		Pct	Thousand Head		Pct	
Illinois	210	205	98	210	205	98	
Indiana	135	135	100	130	140	108	
Iowa	460	460	100	440	460	105	
North Carolina	550	540	98	540	540	100	
Ohio	77	80	104	77	78	101	
UNITED STATES	2.888	2.888	100	2.835	2.875	101	

¹/ December of the proceeding year. ²/ Actual number of sows farrowed. ³/ Intentions to farrow.

OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during August, 2005, totaled 640 million eggs; up 1 percent from last month and up 3 percent compared with a year earlier when production for August, 2004, totaled 621 million eggs. During August, there were 28.0 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during August, 2005, was 2,286 eggs per 100 layers, or 73.7 percent. There were 3.5 percent of the layers in Ohio being force molted on September 1, 2005, compared with 5.0 percent on the same date a year earlier. Eighteen percent of the layers in Ohio have completed a forced molt compared with 26.5 percent from a year ago. In the United States on September 1, 2005, 4.3 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 22.3 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.56 billion during August 2005, up slightly from last year. Production included 6.46 billion table eggs, and 1.10 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.04 billion were broiler-type and 62 million were egg-type. The total number of layers during August 2005 averaged 341 million, down 1 percent from a year earlier. August egg production per 100 layers was 2,219 eggs, up 1 percent from August 2004.

All layers in the U.S. on September 1, 2005, totaled 341 million,

down 1 percent from a year ago. The 341 million layers consisted of 283 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 55.5 million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 2.68 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on September 1, 2005, averaged 71.6 eggs per 100 layers, up 1 percent from August 2004.

Egg-type chicks hatched during August 2005 totaled 39.0 million, up 6 percent from August 2004. Eggs in incubators totaled 32.5 million on September 1, 2005, down 1 percent from a year ago.

Broiler-type chicks hatched during August 2005 totaled 812 million, up slightly from August 2004. Eggs in incubators totaled 652 million on August 1, 2005, down slightly from a year earlier.

Turkey eggs in incubators on September 1, 2005, in the United States totaled 28.0 million, down 1 percent from September 1 a year ago. Eggs in incubators were 8 percent below the August 2005 total of 30.4 million eggs.

AUGUST EGG PRODUCTION

	Layers	Layers on hand during month			Total production			
	during			Mon	Monthly Accur			
	2004	2005	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	
	Thou	Thousands			Mi	llion		
OHIO	27,911	28,000	2,286	621	640	5,490	5,627	
U.S.	342,983	340,770	2,219	7,538	7,562	66,643	67,425	

^{1/} Accumulation period began December of previous year.

CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

	Egg-Type				Broiler-type		Turkeys placed 1/		
	2004	2005	2005/2004	2004	2005	2005/2004	2004	2005	2005/2004
	Thousands Perc		Percent	Thous	sands	Percent	Thous	ands	Percent
Aug.	36,854	38,953	106	810,285	811,678	100	23,674	23637	100
Jan-Aug	289,717	298,208	103	6,282,979	6,371,601	101	281,282	272,819	97

¹/Accumulation period for turkeys begins September 1.

EGGS IN INCUBATORS - SEPTEMBER 1

	Egg-type eggs			Broiler-type eggs			Turkey eggs		
	2004	2005	2005/2004	2004	2005	2005/2004	2004	2005	2005/2004
	Thou	sands	Percent	Thous	ands	Percent	Thou	sands	Percent
East North Central 1/	6,171	5,818	94	9,426	9,101	97	4,478	4,333	97
United States	32,711	32,491	99	654,587	652,451	100	28,288	28,008	99

¹/Not available by States

AUGUST MILK PRODUCTION

The total milk production in Ohio during August 2005 was 394 million pounds, up 4 percent from a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during August 2005 was 270 thousand, 4 thousand more than last year. The yield per cow, at 1,460 pounds, was up 2 percent from the August 2004 yield of 1,430 pounds.

Milk production in the 23 major States during August totaled 13.6 billion pounds, up 4.6 percent from August 2004. July

revised production, at 13.7 billion pounds was up 4.2 percent from July 2004. The July revision represented a decrease of 6 million pounds from last month's preliminary production estimate. Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,665 pounds for August, 64 pounds above August 2004. The number of cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.15 million head, 52,000 head more than August 2004, and 9,000 head more than July 2005.

JULY MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS

		Ohio		United States			
	2004 2005		05/04	2004	2005	05/04	
	1,000 Gallons		Percent	1,000 Gallons		Percent	
Ice Cream (Hard)	2,423	2,239	92	77,886	87,643	113	

State	Mill	k cows on fa	arm ^{1/}	N	Milk per cov	$N^{2/}$	M	ilk Production	on ^{2/}	
State	Aug 2004	July 2005 *	Aug 2005	Aug 2004	July 2005 *	Aug 2005	Aug 2004	July 2005 *	Aug 2005	05/04
	Thousand			Pounds			Million Pounds			Percent
California	1,733	1,760	1,763	1,775	1,775	1,790	3,076	3,124	3,156	103
Ohio	266	270	270	1,430	1,480	1,460	380	400	394	104
Wisconsin	1,240	1,236	1,236	1,510	1,600	1,585	1,872	1,978	1,959	105
23 State Total	8,102	8,145	8,154	1,601	1,681	1,665	12,970	13,692	13,573	105

^{1/} Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. ^{2/} Excludes milk sucked by calves. *Revised.

OHIO RED MEAT PRODUCTION

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during August 2005 totaled 25.5 million pounds; down 7 percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 9.4 million pounds, down 8 percent; calves, 1.3 million pounds, down 44 percent from last year; hogs, 27.1 million pounds, down 5 percent; sheep & lambs, 162 thousand pounds, down 9 percent from last year. August 2005 contained 23 weekdays and four Saturdays.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 4.10 billion pounds in August, up 6 percent from the 3.88 billion pounds produced in August 2004. Beef production, at 2.32 billion pounds, was 8 percent above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.99 million head, up 6 percent from August

2004. The average live weight was up 15 pounds from the previous year, at 1,267 pounds.

Veal production totaled 13.7 million pounds, 2 percent below August a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 65,600 head, down 10 percent from August 2004. The average live weight was 25 pounds above last year, at 347 pounds. Pork production totaled 1.75 billion pounds, up 3 percent from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 8.98 million head, 3 percent above August 2004. The average live weight was 1 pound above the previous year, at 263 pounds. Lamb and mutton production, at 15.4 million pounds, was up 1 percent from August 2004. Sheep slaughter totaled 229,300 head, 2 percent below last year. The average live weight was 134 pounds, up 4 pounds from August a year ago.

AUGUST COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

		Ohio			United States					
Item	2004	2005	Pct. of prev. yr.	2004	2005	Pct. of prev. yr.				
		•	Number	of head (000)	•	•				
Cattle	9.0	8.1	90	2,820.5	2,990.1	106				
Calves	5.8	3.3	57	72.7	65.6	90				
Hogs	107.2	101.9	95	8,721.9	8,982.7	103				
Sheep & lambs	1.5	1.4	93	233.0	229.3	98				
•		Average live weight (lbs)								
Cattle	1,141	1,159	102	1,252	1,267	101				
Calves	400	398	100	322	347	108				
Hogs	265	266	100	262	263	100				
Sheep & lambs	117	115	98	130	134	103				
_		Total live weight (000 lbs)								
Cattle	10,226	9,427	92	3,530,871	3,788,210	107				
Calves	2,325	1,300	56	23,431	22,755	97				
Hogs	28,426	27,136	95	2,287,070	2,358,233	103				
Sheep & lambs	178	162	91	30,190	30,664	102				

U.S. COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on August 31, 2005 were greater than year earlier levels for pork, frozen fruit, and eggs.

Butter stocks were down 15 percent from last month and down 7 percent from a year ago.

Total red meat supplies in freezers were down slightly from last month, but up 2 percent from last year. Frozen pork supplies were down 7 percent from last month, but up 9 percent from the previous year. Stocks of pork bellies were down 56 percent from last month, but up 45 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on August 31, 2005 were down 2 percent from the previous month and down 8 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down 3 percent from the previous month and down 5 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were up 1 percent from last month, but down 13 percent from August 31, 2004.

U.S. STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE AUGUST 31, 2005 WITH COMPARISONS

Commodity	Aug 31,	July 31,	Aug 31,	August 31, 2005 as percent of	
	2004	2005	2005	08/31/04	07/31/05
		1,000 Pounds		Per	cent
Butter	161,025	176,670	150,259	93	85
Cheese, Total Natural	811,521	828,412	797,308	98	96
Eggs, Frozen	17,267	19,698	19,906	115	101
Fruits, Frozen	1,059,966	1,055,978	1,079,362	104	102
Fruit Juices, Frozen	2,120,231	1,770,005	1,651,511	78	93
Meats, Total Red	841,899	857,479	855,852	102	100
Beef, Total Frozen	445,994	385,753	414,335	93	107
Pork, Total Frozen	382,108	449,100	417,657	109	93
Poultry, Total Frozen	1,326,940	1,238,012	1,216,939	92	98
Chicken	725,786	715,239	691,319	95	97
Turkeys	600,185	522,222	524,982	87	101
Vegetables, Total Frozen	1,996,980	1,697,993	1,996,572	100	118
Potatoes, Total Frozen	1,127,031	1,151,397	1,122,715	100	98

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities from 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.

Address Service Requested

OLLICIVE BUSINESS

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